TE RANGIHAKAHAKA CENTRE FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2025

School Directory

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Principal:	Renee Gillies
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TE RANGIHAKAHAKA CENTRE FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

Annual Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2025

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Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2025

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the Principal and others, as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2025 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

Bryce Murray	Renée Gillies
Full Name of Presiding Member	Full Name of Principal
Signature of Presiding Member	Signature of Principal
29/05/2026	29/5/26.
Date	Date

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	2,235,773	1,781,380	2,153,670
Locally Raised Funds	3	139,245	39,000	86,276
Interest		8,881	-	15,152
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		141	-	-
Total Revenue		2,384,040	1,820,380	2,255,098
Expense				
Locally Raised Funds	3	10,953	14,900	27,714
Learning Resources	4	1,089,995	1,018,761	948,432
Administration	5	192,557	138,820	281,549
Interest		2,602	1,629	2,869
Property	6	794,029	646,452	833,954
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		548	-	238
Total Expense		2,090,684	1,820,562	2,094,756
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		293,356	(182)	160,342
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		293,356	(182)	160,342

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Equity at 1 January		1,069,521	910,389	909,179
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		293,356	(182)	160,342
Equity at 31 December		1,362,877	910,207	1,069,521
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense		1,362,877	910,207	1,069,521
Equity at 31 December		1,362,877	910,207	1,069,521

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7	781,928	437,094	632,647
Accounts Receivable	8	155,224	84,056	77,716
GST Receivable		6,856	3,512	14,675
Prepayments		5,941	7,068	6,811
Inventories	9	-	325	-
Investments	10	53,986	-	51,562
		1,003,935	532,055	783,411
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	12	117,044	87,140	126,164
Revenue Received in Advance	13	10,790	35,276	8,747
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance		-	-	-
Finance Lease Liability	14	18,507	24,467	23,506
		146,341	146,883	158,417
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		857,594	385,172	624,994
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	11	513,028	568,871	462,970
		513,028	568,871	462,970
Non-current Liabilities				
Finance Lease Liability	14	7,745	43,836	18,443
		7,745	43,836	18,443
Net Assets		1,362,877	910,207	1,069,521
Equity		1,362,877	910,207	1,069,521

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2025

	Note	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants		516,461	464,426	508,803
Locally Raised Funds		68,502	39,000	57,276
Goods and Services Tax (net)		7,819	-	(11,163)
Payments to Employees		(147,009)	(186,876)	(146,422)
Payments to Suppliers		(201,305)	(295,553)	(223,255)
Interest Paid		(2,602)	(1,629)	(2,869)
Interest Received		9,326	-	14,707
Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		251,192	19,368	197,077
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles)		(79,756)	(97,000)	(32,459)
Purchase of Investments		(2,423)	-	(51,562)
Net cash from/(to) Investing Activities		(82,179)	(97,000)	(84,021)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Finance Lease Payments		(19,732)	(25,135)	(20,270)
Net cash from/(to) Financing Activities		(19,732)	(25,135)	(20,270)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		149,281	(102,767)	92,786
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	7	632,647	539,861	539,861
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	781,928	437,094	632,647

The Statement of Cash Flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries, use of land and buildings grant and expense and other notional items have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technol
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the year ended 31 December 2025

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

a) Reporting Entity
Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a School as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation
Reporting Period
The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2025 to 31 December 2025 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation
The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied
The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements with reference to generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared with reference to generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The School is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime
The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the School is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expense threshold of $33 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base
The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency
These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies
The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions
The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical maintenance
The School recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the School buildings. The estimate is based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the School and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the School's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note .

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment
The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, as disclosed in the significant accounting policies, are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 11.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies
Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases
Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the School. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee.

Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 19b.

Recognition of grants
The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants
The School receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives:

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programs are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist
Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests
Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met, funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue
Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

d) Operating Lease Payments
Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

e) Finance Lease Payments
Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

f) Cash and Cash Equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

g) Accounts Receivable
Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The School's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education. Therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

h) Inventories
Inventories are consumable items held for sale and are comprised of uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

i) Investments
Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is material.

j) Property, Plant and Equipment
Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements (funded by the Board) to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the Board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value, as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases
A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the surplus or deficit over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the School will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.

Depreciation
Property, plant and equipment except for library resources are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Furniture and Equipment	5-15 years
Information and Communication Technology	3-5 years
Motor Vehicles	5-10 years
Leased Assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease

k) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment
The School does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets
Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell, the School engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information. The valuation is based on a comparison to recent market transactions.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

l) Accounts Payable
Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

m) Employee Entitlements
Short-term employee entitlements
Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date and annual leave earned, by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements
Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in surplus or deficit in the period in which they arise.

n) Revenue Received in Advance
Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees or grants are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees or grants are earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

o) Funds Held in Trust
Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

p) Funds held for Capital works
The School directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose. As such, these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

q) Shared Funds
Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.

r) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance
The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the school, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the School's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a 0 year period. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

s) Financial Instruments
The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as 'financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense' for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in surplus or deficit unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to surplus or deficit.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings and finance lease liability. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in surplus or deficit.

t) Borrowings
Borrowings on normal commercial terms are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

u) Goods and Services Tax (GST)
The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statement of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

v) Budget Figures
The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

w) Services received in-kind
From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

2. Government Grants

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Government Grants - Ministry of Education	526,930	467,091	490,439
Teachers' Salaries Grants	929,879	745,137	776,327
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	726,585	569,152	735,809
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunches Programme	52,379	-	150,395
Other Government Grants	-	-	700
	2,235,773	1,781,380	2,153,670

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Revenue			
Donations and Bequests	76,263	-	500
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	21,569	10,000	27,747
Trading	413	-	235
Fundraising and Community Grants	41,000	29,000	57,794
	139,245	39,000	86,276
Expense			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	10,135	14,900	26,370
Trading	818	-	1,344
	10,953	14,900	27,714
Surplus for the year Locally Raised Funds	128,292	24,100	58,562

4. Learning Resources

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Curricular	62,615	84,000	32,543
Employee Benefits - Salaries	926,041	833,723	817,319
Staff Development	13,777	24,000	18,702
Depreciation	77,849	63,038	68,928
Information And Communication Technology	9,713	14,000	10,940
	1,089,995	1,018,761	948,432

5. Administration

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Audit Fees	9,825	3,250	7,132
Board Fees and Expenses	3,501	6,800	2,608
Other Administration Expenses	15,923	20,460	15,401
Employee Benefits - Salaries	101,108	98,290	95,944
Insurance	1,301	1,500	1,549
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	8,520	8,520	8,520
Ka Ora, Ka Ako - Healthy School Lunch Programme	52,379	-	150,395
	192,557	138,820	281,549

6. Property

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Consultancy and Contract Services	30,276	36,000	32,161
Heat, Light and Water	15,567	15,000	13,249
Repairs and Maintenance	9,749	13,300	43,070
Use of Land and Buildings	726,585	569,152	735,809
Other Property Expenses	11,852	13,000	9,665
	794,029	646,452	833,954

The use of land and buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Bank Accounts	781,928	437,094	632,647
Cash and cash equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	781,928	437,094	632,647

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the $781,928 Cash and Cash Equivalents $10,790 is subject to restrictions for the following reasons:
• $10,790 of Revenue Received in Advance is held by the school, as disclosed in note 13.

8. Accounts Receivable

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Receivables	-	2,793	-
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	6,576	-	3,962
Interest Receivable	-	-	445
Banking Staffing Underuse	52,771	20,922	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	95,877	60,341	73,309
	155,224	84,056	77,716
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	-	23,715	445
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	155,224	60,341	77,271
	155,224	84,056	77,716

9. Inventories

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Uniforms	-	325	-
	-	325	-

10. Investments

The School's investment activities are classified as follows:

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Current Asset			
Short-term Bank Deposits	53,986	-	51,562
Total Investments	53,986	-	51,562

11. Property, Plant and Equipment

2025	Opening Balance (NBV) $	Additions $	Disposals $	Impairment $	Depreciation $	Total (NBV) $
Building Improvements	194,909	-	-	-	(5,662)	**189,247**
Furniture and Equipment	152,958	45,154	(548)	-	(22,217)	**175,347**
Information and Communication Technology	52,266	76,263	-	-	(15,629)	**112,900**
Motor Vehicles	22,733	-	-	-	(9,429)	**13,304**
Leased Assets	39,788	11,073	(4,035)	-	(24,873)	**21,953**
Library Resources	316	-	-	-	(39)	**277**
	462,970	132,490	(4,583)	-	(77,849)	**513,028**

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is $21,953 (2024: $39,788)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions related to the above noted finance leases, there are no restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2025 Cost or Valuation $	2025 Accumulated Depreciation $	2025 Net Book Value $	2024 Cost or Valuation $	2024 Accumulated Depreciation $	2024 Net Book Value $
Building Improvements	203,617	(14,370)	**189,247**	203,617	(8,708)	**194,909**
Furniture and Equipment	271,879	(96,532)	**175,347**	227,754	(74,796)	**152,958**
Information and Communication Technology	242,362	(129,462)	**112,900**	171,367	(119,101)	**52,266**
Motor Vehicles	61,724	(48,420)	**13,304**	61,724	(38,991)	**22,733**
Leased Assets	72,068	(50,115)	**21,953**	74,915	(35,127)	**39,788**
Library Resources	471	(194)	**277**	471	(155)	**316**
	852,121	(339,093)	**513,028**	739,848	(276,878)	**462,970**

12. Accounts Payable

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Creditors	5,596	9,091	40,552
Accruals	7,368	5,806	7,132
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	95,877	60,341	73,309
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	8,203	11,902	5,171
	117,044	87,140	126,164
Payables for Exchange Transactions	117,044	87,140	126,164
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	-	-	-
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	-	-	-
	117,044	87,140	126,164

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

13. Revenue Received in Advance

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Income In Advance	5,520	29,000	-
Tahitii	5,270	5,270	5,270
Grants in Advance - Ministry of Education	-	1,006	3,477
	10,790	35,276	8,747

14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
No Later than One Year	19,967	24,467	25,135
Later than One Year	9,044	43,836	18,967
Future Finance Charges	(2,759)	-	(2,153)
	26,252	68,303	41,949
Represented by			
Finance lease liability - Current	18,507	24,467	23,506
Finance lease liability - Non current	7,745	43,836	18,443
	26,252	68,303	41,949

15. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

16. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation
Key management personnel of the School include all Board members, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

	2025 Actual $	2024 Actual $
Board Members		
Remuneration	2,065	1,805
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	292,482	267,227
Full-time equivalent members	2.00	2.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	294,547	269,032

There are 6 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board has held 8 full meetings of the Board in the year. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Presiding Member and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal
The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	2025 Actual $000	2024 Actual $000
Salary and Other Payments	150 - 160	140 - 150
Benefits and Other Emoluments	4 - 5	4 - 5
Termination Benefits	-	-

Other Employees
The number of other employees with remuneration greater than $100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration $000	2025 FTE Number	2024 FTE Number
100 - 110	2.00	2.00
110 - 120	0.00	1.00
130 - 140	1.00	0.00
	3.00	3.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

17. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be board members, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2025 Actual	2024 Actual
Total	$0	$0
Number of People	0	0

18. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities (except as noted below) and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2025 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2024: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – Schools Payroll
The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider, Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry continues to review the Schools Sector Payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003. An initial remediation payment has been made to some current school employees. The Ministry is continuing to perform detailed analysis to finalise calculations and the potential impacts for specific individuals. As such, this is expected to resolve the liability for school boards.

Pay Equity and Collective Agreement Funding Wash-up
In 2025 the Ministry of Education provided collective agreement and pay equity settlement funding. At the date of signing the financial statements, the School's final entitlement for the year ended 31 December 2025 has not yet been advised. The School has therefore not recognised an asset or liability regarding this funding wash-up, which is expected to be settled in July 2026.

19. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2025 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2024: $0).

The Board receives funding from the Ministry of Education for Capital Works which is disclosed in note 0..

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2025 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2024: nil).

20. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2025 Actual $	2025 Budget (Unaudited) $	2024 Actual $
Cash and Cash Equivalents	781,928	437,094	632,647
Receivables	155,224	84,056	77,716
Investments - Term Deposits	53,986	-	51,562
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost	991,138	521,150	761,925

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

Payables	117,044	87,140	126,164
Finance Leases	26,252	68,303	41,949
Total financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	143,296	155,443	168,113

21. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

22. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Members of the Board

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Bryce Murray	Presiding Member	Appointed	Sep 2028
Renee Gillies	Principal	ex Officio	
Janina Khan	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2028
Christine Frost	Parent Representative	Co-opted	Dec 2024
Bianca Taute	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2028
Meretuahiahi Ward	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2028
Louise Kirk	Iwi Representative		Sep 2028
Glennys Kereopa	Iwi Representative		Sep 2028

Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology

Kiwisport

Kiwisport is a Government funding initiative to support students' participation in organised sport. In 2025, the school received total Kiwisport funding of $1,598 (excluding GST). The funding was spent on sporting endeavours.

Statement of Compliance with Employment Policy

For the year ended 31st December 2025 the Te Rangihakahaka Centre for Science and Technology Board:

- Has developed and implemented personnel policies, within policy and procedural frameworks to ensure the fair and proper treatment of employees in all aspects of their employment.
- Has reviewed its compliance against both its personnel policy and procedures and can report that it meets all requirements and identified best practice.
- Is a good employer and complies with the conditions contained in the employment contracts of all staff employed by the Board.
- Ensures all employees and applicants for employment are treated according to their skills, qualifications and abilities, without bias or discrimination.
- Meets all Equal Employment Opportunities requirements.